THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. Gallaway & Co — MEMPHIS, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1868. — (Volume Eleven---Number

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

Arkansas lost by the war more than one hundred millions of dollars.

The real Governor of Tennessee is Dr. Boynton, Brownlow's son-in-law.

At St. Thomas the cholera is unabated; the victims number about thirty per day.

Harvey Leaton, for thirty-eight years a policeman in Louisville, died last Friday.

General Meade refuses to allow a change of time in holding the Florida election. He acts under the direction of General Grant.

The damage done in Southern Wisconsin by freshets is estimated at two hundred thousand dollars.

General John McClernand has declined to be considered as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor of Illinois.

Thad. Stevens says he does not intend to die until Johnson is convicted. He had better not die at all if he can avoid it.

The Arkansas election commenced on the 18th instant, and will continue until the 27th.

Japan is in a lively state of civil war. The two parties are headed by the Mickade and the Shogoon, whoever they are.

None of the bills intended to reconstruct the Nashville Penitentiary passed the Legislature.

The base ball campaign has opened in Nashville. A competent corps of negroes should be engaged.

James Lennon, of New York, has given more than $300,000 in land and money for a Presbyterian hospital, home and church, on the eastern side of Central Park.

Near Adairsville, Georgia, on Thursday, a drunken man, named James Collin, was instantly killed by a train running over him. He had lain down on the track.

The corrected election returns make Harriman's majority 2580. The House of Representatives stand 192 Republicans and 138 Democrats.

Three thousand people have been indicted in one county of California for witnessing a prize fight, and the Sheriff proposes to arrest the entire population.

It is currently reported that Brownlow has sent detectives into various counties of the State to ferret out the Ku Klux, and authorized them to shoot down such whenever found.

The New York papers complain loudly that American citizens are no longer safe at Panama. The same state of things can be seen much nearer than on the Isthmus.

The present estimate of the number of cattle in Texas is 5,000,000 head. Raising beeves and selling cotton to the Mexicans are yielding a good profit to the people of that State.

Junius Leigh, of Sunflower county, Mississippi, died a few weeks since. He was, at one time, connected with the Richmond *Enquirer*.

Griswold, the "Fat Contributor," appears at one of the Cincinnati theaters as "Toodles." It is likely that he takes his part very naturally.

The eruption of Vesuvius is increasing in power and grandeur. The volcano is throwing up large quantities of fire, but little lava. Detonations are loud and perfect.

Mr. Fletcher E. Mayfield, formerly Sheriff of Issequena county, Mississippi, was found dead, on Tuesday of last week, in Steel's bayou, where he had gone hunting. Verdict of jury, accidental death.

The Campaign *Gazette*, started four months ago at Little Rock, Arkansas, by the Central Committee of the white man's party, closed its career with an appropriate valedictory, on the 13th instant.

The American Minister, General Dix, has returned to Paris. His visit to England was not of a diplomatic character, as reported. He went to London to be present at the marriage of his son, Mr. Charles Temple Dix.

The first spring meeting of the Turf will open at the Magnolia Jockey Club course at Mobile, on the 40th instant. The next will be held at the Metairie course in New Orleans, next at Memphis, then the Nashville races, then St. Louis, then Louisville.

The Prince of Wales will make his expected visit to Ireland during the Easter holidays. It is intended that the occasion will be heralded by a royal proclamation granting a partial amnesty to political offenders in Ireland.

Claiborne county, East Tennessee, where the whisky rebellion defies law in mountain fastnesses, gave seven hundred and ninety-five votes for Brownlow, and one hundred and fifty-nine for his competitor. "Trooly loil."

Dispatches from Rome to-day announce that Lucien Bonaparte, Gonzalla, Barrelle, Berandi, Mareno, Borromico and Capatti have been made Cardinals. Several Bishops were appointed for the United States and Canada.

A heavy run was made last week on several prominent banks in Nashville, and consequently they all had to suspend. Many business men are heavy losers. The police took charge of the assets, consisting of roulette tables, chips, and other apparatus peculiar to National Faro banks.

Prince Napoleon, after a series of flattering entertainments given in his honor, has left for Paris. His visit to Germany has given rise to many surmises and rumors, and is extensively commented on by the Press, but the object of his mission has not been divulged. His reception everywhere in Germany has been most cordial.

Senator Wilson referred mildly to a rule of the Tennessee courts as a rule in the impeachment trial. We beg to inquire what could be meant. If he alluded to Leonard's court it will take four writs of *Grab 'im* to catch a man, and then it will not be done. See the case of Leonard vs. Bond. If Hunter's court was the one meant, it will supply to order any recedent the Radicals may require from a thief on the bench, to a judge in a nigger barroom.

SPRING! SPRING! SPRING!

SPRING! SPRING!

SPRING

DRY GOODS!

H. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

ARE NOW DAILY RECEIVING THEIR

SPRING STOCK

We claim to have ADVANTAGES over all other competitors which are worthy the consideration of all buyers.

First—We buy for CASH; this enables us to buy at a much closer figure.

Second—We sell ONLY for CASH; this enables us to sell at a much closer profit.

Third—We have a BUYER constantly in the Eastern markets, therefore will be continually receiving NEW GOODS, and will always have the LATEST STYLES and FASHIONS.

In the FUTURE we can and will be

The Cheapest

CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE

OF MEMPHIS.

We have also connected with our Dry Goods Business

A CLOAK MANUFACTORY

Whereby we save the immense profits we formerly paid the Eastern manufacturers, and therefore can sell

Cloaks at Least 25 per cent. Cheaper

Than any other house in the city.

CLOAKS MADE TO ORDER and a good fit guaranteed.

H. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,

No. 242 Main Street.

mh8

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And study the Best Cultivation of your Farms—how to take care of your Fruit, your Stock and your Gardens.

Monthly, $2 00 per Annum.

NO. 37 SOUTH COURT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.

M. W. PHILLIPS, Editor,

ASSISTED BY

E. W. HILGARD, University of Mississippi, Professor of Agricultural Chemistry, etc.

G. W. GIFT, Memphis, Tenn., Gardening, etc.

P. J. BERKMANS, Augusta, Ga., C. C. LANGDON, Mobile, Ala., Florists and Pomologists.

GEORGE HUSMANN, Missouri, J. VAN BUREN, Georgia, Editors Vineyard and Wine Making.

D. L. ADAIR, Kentucky, Apiarist.

"JOHN HICKSON," Alabama, Editor Poultry Yard.

"ROCHELLE," Stated Contributor.

This is a beautiful paper, that every farmer and every farmer's wife—that every nurseryman and his wife and every stock raiser and his wife, and the sons of them, should read and its advice follow.

From the following papers learn the verdict of the Southern press:

From the Memphis Avalanche.

"We hope no planter in the Southwest will regard his household gods as complete without a copy of the SOUTHERN FARMER. * * * It is a splendid publication in every respect which should be in the hands of all interested in such matters."

From the Gallatin Examiner.

"One of the best agricultural papers in the country, is the SOUTHERN FARMER, published at Memphis by M. W. Phillips & Co., at $2."

From the Memphis Bulletin.

"It is exactly adapted to the wants of the people in this neighborhood and the Southwest."

From the Memphis Appeal.

"It is an excellent paper, and in every respect merits the patronage of our farmers and planters. * * * Two dollars cannot be expended to more advantage than on a year's subscription."

From the Memphis Public Ledger.

"We take much pleasure in recommending THE SOUTHERN FARMER to our planting friends as a journal whose worth to them cannot be estimated in dollars."

From the Southern Eagle, Miss.

"We know of no better agricultural journal in the country. Every farmer should subscribe."

From Moore's Rural New Yorker.

"The January number is worth the year's subscription."

Every man should read to be his profession. The farmer must read and study his by the best lights or he will lose ground. He should multiply his acres as he adopts reform, horticulture and stock raising, and he can do this no more cheaply or successfully than by taking an agricultural paper.

One will, needs of Southern, paper, issued as THE SOUTHERN FARMER is, in the center of the South and West, and ably conducted by the South's ablest pens is worth more to southern farmers than all the papers written as the Norse-ward for Northern farmers. Try the FARMER one year. mh19w

Lease of Central Park.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER,
MEMPHIS, TENN., March 6, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock MONDAY, March 16, for the Lease of Central Park for a period of fifteen years—the considerations for said lease to be improvements on the Park.

J. H. HUMPHREYS,
City Engineer.

mh7

Southern Land Office.

WE propose to open an office for the sale of Southern Farming Land, chiefly in Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and Alabama, with a branch sale office in Cincinnati, Ohio. We propose to sell in parcels, from forty acres up. Middle interest we will be furnished how to prepare offers of sale to all who may call at any of our offices, or address correspondence with land owners who wish to sell, with statement of quantity, to whom we will at once forward, free of charge, circulars. Address the undersigned, No. 23 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

mh15 F. V. SORDOUET & CO.

Lumber! Lumber!

FULL assortment of Building and Finishing Lumber, Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding, Shingles, Sash, Doors and Blinds. All very low for cash. Office at Front, foot of Jefferson street, Memphis, Tenn.

mh15 W. W. COCHRAN.

House for Sale on 13 Years' Lease.

THE undersigned offers for sale the house formerly occupied by H. R. Pond,

No. 316 Madison Street Extended,

Comprising three rooms, kitchen and servant's room. The house is conveniently finished, with good cistern and other conveniences. The lot is 50 feet front and rear, with 200 feet long each side, giving one half acre. Entrance in rear part of lot, by alley. Terms low. Inquire of the subscriber, on the premises, or at No. 311 Front street.

A. R. WILCOX.

GIFT ENTERPRISE.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE

ASSOCIATION

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

$500,000 IN PRIZES

Number of Prizes, Five Hundred

Price of Certificates, $5 Each

Splendid Fortunes for Somebody

Awarding of Prizes on June 1, '68

AT

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

FIRST PRIZE.

The PASCHALL HOUSE, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, St. Louis, Mo.; Lot 97 feet front by 127 deep, has four stories, with fine rooms; also, five elegant stores. These, together with the Hotel, are bringing a rent of $9,600 per annum. This magnificent house, with furniture complete, is

VALUED AT.....$250,000

SECOND PRIZE.

An elegant Three Story Double Brick Residence, with three and a half acres of ground, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, one mile from Court Square. House splendidly finished, with all modern improvements. Grounds finely laid out with shrubbery, etc. Fine stables, outbuildings, etc.; all in complete order, and

VALUED AT.....$60,000

THIRD PRIZE.

A handsome Three Story Brick Residence, No. 1353 Chestnut street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, St. Louis, Missouri, containing twelve rooms, elegantly finished throughout, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 21½ by 100½ feet deep,

VALUED AT.....$18,000

FOURTH PRIZE.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri. Two Story Brick and Frame, fifteen superior rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements; Lot 135 feet front on High street by 230 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

VALUED AT.....$15,000

IX MORE PRIZES.

Consisting of Fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated: No. 728 South Eighth street, 740 South Eighth street, 1427 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 714 and 716 Chouteau avenue.

VALUED AT.....$79,000

250 PRIZES

From the firm of BOOGHER BROTHERS, Watchmakers and Jewelers, No. 106 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel, where samples of the goods may be seen, consisting of one elegant Solid Silver Service, worth $1,000; Solid silver Goblets, Plated Tea Sets, Ladies' and Gents' Solid Watches, French Mantel Clocks, Fancy Silver Pieces, Fine Jewelry, etc.

ALL VALUED AT.....$15,000

120 PRIZES

In Fine Sewing Machines, of various patterns, ranging in price from $65 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 PRIZES IN CASH.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 PRIZES OF FINE PIANOS

From the St. Louis Piano Manufactory, ranging in price from $450 to $650 each. Samples can be seen at the rooms of the Company, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, under the Paschall House.

VALUED AT.....$10,000

MAKING IN ALL

500 SPLENDID PRIZES

Ranging from $40 to $200,000 each, and

VALUED AT $500,000.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Will be Donated to the Orphans of St. Louis, Mo

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING:

A suitable Committee of Responsible Gentlemen will be selected to conduct the drawing and awarding of the prizes, on the day appointed, at MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the Certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred tickets, inscribed with the names of the prizes, to-wit: "Paschall House," etc., will be placed in an other. From them wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time and the number drawn will take the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the awarding being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

The money received from the sale of these Certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, Missouri, where it will remain, in deposit, to the credit of the Association, until after the drawing takes place.

References given by Permission

Ayll, Pollard & Renick, Bankers, St. Louis.
Daniel G. Taylor, ex-Mayor of St. Louis.
Belcher and Drovers' Bank, St. Louis.
Peoples' Savings Association.
Edward S. Plummer, Memphis, Tennessee.
Boatmen's Saving Institution, St. Louis, Mo.
John M. Andrews, ex Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo.
Laveille, Warner & Co., proprietors Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.
John Valle, of the firm of Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
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Honorable William Tansey.
Gholing Cramer.
A. Krieckhaus, President City Council.
James Ingenhorf, City Controller.
G. W. Dreyer.

No person will be authorized to sell Certificates for the Association, or be recognized as an agent, unless holding a certificate to that effect from the Manager of the Association.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering Certificates by mail can send greenbacks to the value of the same, or they can send drafts, payable at sight, or other drafts, payable to our order, for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and State carefully written.

Certificates may be had at the office of the Manager, at Walnut street, and of the following agents: Alex. Keen, Proprietor of the Randall House; John Klar, 111 North Fourth street, Planter House; Gardner Brothers, Lewisohn, Jacobs & Fish grocers, under the Southern Hotel; D. Kyle, Proprietor of the Commercial Hotel; Conk, Reed, Stand, Southern Hotel; R. J. Gyles, News Stand, St. Nicholas Hotel; S. S. Hall, Proprietor Lindell Hotel; Wm. R. Tilled, Factorage goods, 17 North Fourth street; Wm. D. Kerr, Factorage goods, 15 North Fourth street;

WANTS.

WANTED—A situation as Superintendent of a Cotton and Corn Plantation by one who has had sixteen years' experience in farming in the Mississippi bottom. He may also be able to furnish thirty or thirty-five hands. Apply at TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.'S, Front street, Memphis. mh17

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—One dwelling house, No. 132 Hernando street. Will suit a small family. Also, residence lots in Corinth, Mississippi for lease on long time. Apply to T. H. Logwood, No. 15 Union street. mh15

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A pleasant furnished front room, suitable for a gentleman and lady, with board, in a private family, can be had at No. 3 Jackson street.

BOARDING.—Families or single gentlemen can have furnished or unfurnished rooms, in one of the most pleasant and healthy locations in the city. Day board reduced to $25 a month, at 394 Second street, between Gayoso and Beale. mh17

REDUCTION IN BOARD.—The WHITEMORE HOUSE has reduced its transient rates to $2 per day; Day Board to $6 per week; Regular Board with single rooms, very low. Families can be accommodated with nicely furnished rooms at the lowest rates. Owing to the fact that we have no cash to pay, we can afford better inducements to guests than any other house in the city. ja9

REWARDS.

LOST—A BULL TERRIER SLUT, rather small, ears cropped, brown head and ears, and brown spot over the tail; answers to the name of "Fanny." Five dollars reward will be given to any one leaving her at the First District Station House, No. 6 Adams street. mh17 W. T. LINCOLN.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

DR. JAMES, the celebrated Specialist in the treatment of Chronic Diseases of the Blood and Skin, Organic weakness, Impotence, Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, etc., known all over the United States, who established and for fifteen years conducted James' Lock Hospital, Custom House street, New Orleans, and for the last seven years located in Chicago, is now in Memphis for a limited period, and can be consulted at his rooms, 199 Main street, up stairs, for the treatment of Syphilis, spermatorrhœa, and all complicated and long standing diseases, from 9 a m to 12 m., and from 2 to 5 p.m. Consultation free and inviolable. mh17

NOTICE—At the April term I will apply to the County Court of Shelby county to be appointed Guardian of Mary Lula and Bettie McNeal, minor heirs of J. R. McNeal deceased. R. A. REYNOLDS.
ONLEY & DUVAL, Solicitors. mh8

NOTICE—To all whom it may Concern—I have this day suggested to the Clerk of the County Court of Shelby county, the insolvency of the estate of William Biggs, deceased. All creditors are required to file their claims by the first day of October, 1868, or they will be barred.
H. IRBY, Administrator.
ONLEY & DUVAL, Solicitors. mh8

NOTICE—To all whom it may concern I will apply at the March term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county for letters of administration on the estate of Jane B Air, deceased. W. L. BELL.
ONLEY & DUVAL, Attorneys. fe20

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY AND THE HAPPINESS of True Manhood; an essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb2 d&w

NOTICE—Having been appointed administrator of the estate of John Graf, deceased, all persons owing said estate, are required to come forward and make settlement; and all persons holding claims against the estate will have the same proated and presented within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred.
W. B. SCHULZ, Administrator.
fe19 No. 11 McCall street.

WEDNESDAY, : : : MARCH 18, 1868

WE call the attention of the readers of the AVALANCHE to the speech of Mr. EVERETT, of London. It is worth all the speeches of the Fortieth Congress.

THE last order of Judge HUNTER will be found in the local columns of to-day's AVALANCHE. We have prepared a scathing review of this infamous order, but the pressure of other matter prevents its publication in to-day's AVALANCHE. It will appear to-morrow.

SEVENTY-NINE colored men voted the Democratic ticket at the recent election in this city. They have been true to their white friends in peculiarly trying times, and it is unjust if we do not see that they are protected from persecution and furnished employment. We know of five or six in particular who are honest, industrious and faithful, and yet are out of work, while Conservative white men are employing the worst Radical negroes as porters, drivers of drays, and in other capacities. Two of these colored Conservatives were discharged by white Radicals for voting honestly at the last election. Let the party which holds all the offices, and has stolen all the money in the country, furnish work for the deluded beings who have elevated them to power. And, on the other hand, we urge our friends to discriminate, in employing labor, between the members of midnight cut-throat Leaguers and the fearless colored Conservatives who have proven their faith by their works. There are six of this class for whom we appeal, who have been fed for several days by the editor of the AVALANCHE. They *must* have employment, and if there is any Conservative true enough to himself and his party to discharge a Radical negro to make place for one of these men, we hope to hear of it at this office.

THE large and constantly increasing number of communications lying upon our table, reminds us that we must crave the indulgence of our correspondents. It is natural that at this period of grave apprehension and patriotic solicitude, intelligent minds should seek to address their countrymen in words of counsel, and we may be pardoned in indulging a sense of gratulation that our journal should be so generally selected as a medium of communicating with the public. Very many of these papers are marked by an ability which does honor to their writers, and would, if we could find room for them all, be ornaments to our columns. But the limits of our journal, ample as it is, taken in connection with the other obligations which we cannot overlook in preparing our daily selections for the tastes and demands of the general reader, impose upon us the imperative necessity of withholding many communications which, if they could see the light, would be regarded by all as valuable contributions to the current discussions of the time. We have already conceded to such publications a space which some may deem disproportionate to the allotments by which a newspaper should regulate the variety of its contents; and we must, while referring to this subject, impress upon our correspondents the necessity of consulting greater *brevity* in their articles.

THE more we think of it, the more we are satisfied with at least *one* of the facts developed by the late election. That fact is, that the overwhelming masses of our *white* citizens are as true as steel to the honor and interests of their native or adopted land. Jew and Gentile, Northern and Southern men, Germans, Irish and Italians, with singular unanimity, spurned all alliance with corrupt negro Radicalism. Our white citizens here, of all races, have shown their utter loathing and contempt for the low adventurers who have just obtained office through negro votes alone. Before the election these were boasting of the change in political opinions among the whites, and seemed to regard themselves as the candidates of decent men. Well, the tale has been told, and none of the hungry crew could find five hundred decent white men to support them. Excepting CURRY, who ran ahead of the Radical ticket, just to the extent that WINTERS, his opponent, ran behind his, none of them got more than four hundred white men of this city to indorse them. Memphis has a white population of nearly 50,000; and she might have more than 7,000 votes, allowing one voter to every seven persons. It surely is a matter of which her citizens may well be proud, that, among all classes of whites here, from the North, the South, the East, the West, and from all the countries of Europe, but four hundred men could be found who could stoop low enough to vote for the negro candidates. Only four hundred white men, out of nearly fifty thousand people, were willing to pronounce them worthy of the confidence of a decent community. They ruined the full Radical vote; and every disfranchised man would have voted against them, could they have done so. All now know the *white* Radical strength in this city. It is just about four hundred, all told. The police, with a few honorable exceptions, numbering about one hundred men, vote for the negro candidates, and therefore they have the exquisite pleasure of knowing that, exclusive of the police, they have found three hundred white men in Memphis who think them as clever as a negro. Out of seven thousand white men in this city, six thousand seven hundred regard them as unworthy of any white man's countenance and support; and these creatures therefore belongs body and soul, boots and breeches, to the negroes. We repeat, that it is a matter of pride to the citizens of Memphis when they reflect that, with all the shackles upon their limbs—with all the disadvantages of the franchise acts, they cast 2,400 *white* votes for the Conservative and but 400 for the negro candidates. It must be a source of great pleasure to them to know that, but for the negro vote, no Radical would have been returned to any office; that they would all have been rejected by an overwhelming majority of the *white* votes; that the creatures thus elected are not of *their* choice, and that *white* men will not be responsible for what may result from clothing such things with office.

WE have again and again proclaimed the fact that the true and commanding interests of Memphis require our railroad connection with the West. If we can control the enormous and rapidly growing trade which the State of Arkansas furnishes, the East will be sure to come here after it. On all sides of us, the competition of other cities is telling upon the interests of Memphis. One-half of the cotton on the Memphis and Ohio road, from Brownsville northward, goes to Louisville and thence East, never reaching the city which built that road in order to draw trade to our bluff. We presume the same thing may be said of the Charleston road. It may be bootless, at this late day of the cotton season, to inquire into the causes inducing these results. It is enough to know that they are stern facts, and that our merchants have not, to-day, the same area of trade which they had before the war, or even two years ago. They must look around them and see if the effect of competition on this side of the Mississippi may not be counterbalanced by the trade which proper energy and liberality may secure from the West. That trade must reach the Mississippi at some point before finding a market; and three points are now contending for it—Memphis, New Orleans and Cairo. We speak of the *cotton* trade. That Memphis should have it is evident. She is nearer to the whole State, taken as a unit, than any other city, and a railroad is nearly completed from here to the capital of Arkansas. But, while she has these manifest advantages, Cairo has invoked Congressional aid, and is likely to obtain it. The snows of the past winter have developed some stubborn facts in relation to the Northern route of the Pacific railroad; and the attention of Congress has been called to the importance of aiding the construction of a Southern route, leading from Cairo, through Little Rock, and thence on to San Diego or Guyames. This route, starting at Cairo, will exert an influence on every Congressman from Southern Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Maryland and West Virginia. It will build up Cairo; and her citizens, with those of the States just named, would expect all the Pacific travel on that Southern route to pass through Cairo, Vincennes, Cincinnati, and thence on to Philadelphia via Pittsburg, or to Baltimore via Parkersburg. We have no doubt as to the ultimate passage of a law by Congress giving aid to this route from Cairo to Little Rock. Not only the influences just named will be urged in its favor; but also the vast influence of all the great railroad lines between Cairo on the one hand and Philadelphia and Baltimore on the other. Cannot our citizens see how deeply interested they are in getting to Little Rock at the earliest possible moment? Many of them took the bonds of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad Company in 1866. Can they aid themselves better than by giving for these bonds the money promised for them? Thus far, the burden of carrying on this enterprise has fallen mostly on the shoulders of its liberal President, Mr. BRINCKLEY, and a few other enterprising citizens. Surely there is not a merchant or an owner of real estate in this city but who is deeply interested in the early completion of this most important of all our roads. When completed, it would put Little Rock, the center of the State, within six or eight hours of us; and, in a few years more, Fort Smith, from the Northwest, and Fulton, from the rich Red River country, on the Southwest, would be pouring their wealth in our lap. Why cannot Memphis be the distributing point for all the agricultural products of the Southwest?

On Friday a savage fight took place in Liberty township, Scott county, Iowa, between A. W. Smith, father, John and Jacob Smith, his two sons, and two brothers named Melton, on one side, and John Snyder, M. Culver, and two men named Jacobs, on the other. During the fight A. W. Smith was shot through the cheek, carrying away many of his teeth, and in the side. Snyder was shot through the neck, and Culver got a fearful blow on the head. The wounds of either will probably not prove fatal. It had its origin in a family feud.

Boyd & Co., Solicitors of Patents, 208 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo., officially report to the AVALANCHE the following complete list of Patents granted Southern inventors for the week ending March 10, 1868. S L Langdon, Locomotive Engine; W Trowbridge, Cotton Bale Tie, New Orleans. A J Gorling, Clinton, La., Cotton Seed Planter. J M Barton, Lenvis, Ga., Hat Bucks. E S Roberts, Columbus, Ga., Cotton Bale Tie. J H Hall, Maysville, Ky., method of attaching Coulters to Plow Beams.

On Friday last two Germans—one named Carl Hersey, and the other unknown—both belonging in Peoria, hired a fisherman, named Marsh, to take them across the Illinois river at Spring Bay, in a skiff. While crossing the Germans became frightened, and in their fright capsized the skiff, and both were drowned. Mr. Marsh had just strength enough to swim ashore.

TELEGRAPH.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Yellow Fever Among the United States Squadron, at St. Thomas.

Accident on the Nashville and Louisville Railroad.

Two Men Killed and One Wounded

Great Destruction of Property from the Effects of the Hurricane.

Important Intelligence from Mexico

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 17.

The Supreme Court of the United States has allowed a pardon granted by the President, to be filed in a case from New Mexico, in which the petitioner lost his property under the confiscation act.

Advices from St. Thomas show that the yellow fever has again broken out among the United States squadron. Ensign Ford died January 24.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, March 17.

The storm in this vicinity this morning was very severe, and caused great destruction of property in the city. Several buildings were unroofed and others blown down. The bridge over the canal at Long View Asylum was lifted from its fastenings and deposited in the canal. The train on the Indianapolis and Cincinnati road was lifted from the track, leaving the trucks standing. Several passengers were badly bruised. The boats at the wharf were swimming around in every direction, yet no serious damage was done. The storm on the river was violent and the waves were mountain high. The packets which were under way were tossed about unceremoniously.

The first deposit of $500 a side, between Johnny Keating and Richard Hollymoody, who are to fight for $2,500 a side, was made last night. The fight will take place April 20, within fifty miles of this city.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, March 17.

The five p.m. train of yesterday from Nashville ran against a fallen tree near Brook's Station, smashing the engine, tender, express and baggage cars. Thomas Hilburn, the engineer, and Thomas McMurray, the fireman, were killed, and William Taylor, conductor, was slightly injured. The river is rising fast, and now at high tide.

Accounts from various portions of the West say that St. Patrick's Day was enthusiastically celebrated by the Fenian Brotherhood.

The hurricane of last night passed over the entire West, destroying property to a great extent.

ROCK ISLAND.

ROCK ISLAND, ILL., March 17.

The draw of the railroad bridge across the Mississippi at this point was blown down last night, breaking it in two. One man was killed.

PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, March 17.

The river is rising, with twenty-one feet seven inches in the channel, at dusk.

The weather is cloudy, and indicating more rain.

The Alleghany is rising slowly, with twenty-two feet nine inches by the pier mark, and is over its banks.

Business on the main landing is very brisk.

Advices from up the Monongahela say the weather is very warm and rainy.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, March 17.

The Globe Mutual Insurance Company of this city has brought suit in the United States District Court against Wm. McPherson, owner of the steamer White Cloud No. 2, for $24,000, the amount of insurance paid on her cargo, lost by the sinking of that boat about one year ago, the company claiming that the steamer was sunk entirely through negligence and incompetency of her officers.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.

Acconpulco advices of March 7th state that Alvouy having received arms and ammunition from San Francisco has taken the field against Jimerey.

The town of Chilopa was occupied by Alvouy, and contributions levied on the citizens. Jimerey was preparing to meet him in open battle, and had already occupied Chellengago and the adjacent villages.

AUBURN.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 17.

Secretary Seward left here this morning for Washington, going by way of New York.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, March 17.

St. Patrick's Day was celebrated with unusual enthusiasm. Almost the entire Irish population participated. They were addressed at the Catholic Cathedral by Bishop Feehan, who warmly urged them to discharge their duty as citizens and as Irishmen, in full sympathy with their oppressed brethren in Ireland. The celebration closed with a ball and supper to-night.

HAVANNA.

HAVANNA, March 17.

Mr. Tiffles is here, and reports that Minister Romero is straining every nerve to restore the Mexican National credit.

Passengers from Vera Cruz report that some of the Congressmen were discussing the expediency of expelling all Spaniards unless they become naturalized. Nearly all the parties engaged in the recent conspiracy are Spaniards. Troops have been sent to Santiago de'Cuba. Captain General Lersundi is there, and has given the same banner to the volunteers as to the regular troops. It is reported that the Spanish gunboat Borroditto is expected here, having in tow a Portugese schooner found abandoned under sail. She had landed six hundred negroes near Colbeslean.

CANADA.

BELLEVILLE, C. W., March 17.

The ice jams in the river gave way last evening, and the iron bridge was completely wrecked. Many houses and sheds were swept away, and a portion of the town was inundated.

Fortieth Congress---First Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 17.

Mr. Sherman called up the House bill to exempt certain manufactures from internal taxes. Because taxes, and spoke at length in explanation of the Committee's amendment, and offered an amendment as an additional section, providing that after the first of April no allowance or drawback shall be made on the exportation of any article of domestic manufacture on which there is no internal tax, and no claim for a drawback on any article exported since June, 1865, shall be allowed, unless presented to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue within three months from the time this act takes effect, which was agreed to.

Mr. Sherman offered another amendment, as an additional section, providing that every person or corporation, manufacturing by hand or by machinery, any description of merchandise, not otherwise specifically taxed, or who shall purchase for sale, under their name or trade mark, such articles, shall pay two dollars for every thousand dollars worth sold in excess of ten thousand dollars, which tax shall be assessed and paid monthly, the same as other taxes. Agreed to.

Mr. Merrill gave notice of an amendment restoring the tax on all sugars not produced from sorghum or imphee.

Mr. Van Winkle gave notice of an amendment reducing the tax on refined petroleum one half, which gave rise to considerable discussion, Messrs. Merrill of Vermont, and Sherman opposing it.

HOUSE.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill reported yesterday by Mr. Bingham, from the Reconstruction Committee, to relieve from the disabilities imposed upon them by law, Governor Holden, of North Carolina; Governor Orr, of South Carolina; Governor Brown, of Georgia; and General Longstreet. Mr. Bingham, yielding to an expression of opinion by the House, in the discussion of yesterday, made an amendment to the bill by inserting the words, "Constitution, or so as to relieve the persons named from all the disabilities imposed upon them, or either of them, by the Constitution or laws of the United States."

The amendment offered by Mr. Covode, yesterday, to insert the name of John H. Gilmer, of North Carolina, was withdrawn.

The amendments offered by Messrs. Farnsworth and Laflin, to insert the names of W. B. Richardson and W. B. Rodman, were rejected after a lengthy debate.

A motion by Mr. Shenck, that the bill and amendments be recommitted, with instructions to report the same back, with a statement of the reasons in each case, was adopted.

The House, at half-past two, proceeded to the consideration of the bill to continue the Freedmen's Bureau in existence for one year, from July, 1868.

Mr. Adams, a member of the Committee on Freedmen's Affairs, addressed the House against the bill, which then went over until to-morrow, and the House took up the bill for the admission of Alabama.

Mr. Boyer spoke against the bill.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, rising at the Clerk's desk, said: "Mr. Speaker—After a full examination of the returns from Alabama, I am satisfied that to force a vote on this bill and admit the State against her own law, while there is a deficiency of twenty odd thousand against it, would not be doing such justice in legislation as would be expected; and that being the case, I move the bill be re-committed;" which was agreed to.

Mr. Ballard introduced a substitute, which was also referred.

Five hundred workmen were discharged from the Charlestown, Massachusetts, Navy Yard, Saturday.

It is reported that George W. Tew, the Treasurer of Rhode Island, is a defaulter to the amount of $4,000, and has resigned.

The President has summoned General Hancock to Washington. It has not been decided to relieve the General from his command.

The department estimate of the average product of wheat in Ohio last year, was about four bushels per acre, while the average yield in Tennessee is said to be eight bushels.

A Republican county convention in Illinois has resolved "that we do not desire a President whose mouth, like that of the Mississippi river, is always open."

The Conservative State Executive Committee of North Carolina, Saturday, nominated Colonel S. Stone for Governor, in the place of Mr. Vance, declined.

The Dayton (Ohio) *Journal* gives currency to the statement that Mr. Vallandigham has purchased an interest in the Dayton *Ledger*, and will soon be announced as its editor in chief.

General G. W. Field, general Treasurer of the State of Rhode Island, who is a defaulter for four thousand dollars, has resigned. Samuel A. Parker has been placed in charge, temporarily.

Welborne, Cutter and Scott, charged with burning their store in Kansas City some months ago, have been admitted to bail in $10,000 each. Two young men sleeping in the building, it will be remembered, were burned to death in it.

The Charleston papers say that crowds of Northern tourists visit the ruins of Fort Sumter almost daily. A regular packet runs from the city to the ruined fort, and seldom fails of a full complement of sight-seeking passengers. Nearly all carry baskets, in which they collect and carry away scraps of iron and other relics.

Eliza McGregor sued the family with whom she had been living, in Boston, lately, for slander, claiming $3,000 damages, the suit resting on the fact her mistress had called her a thief. A missing locket had been found in the girl's possession. The use of the offensive epithet was not denied; and the jury gave the plaintiff a verdict for one cent.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a called meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, held yesterday, March 17th, 1868, present, Hon. John W. Leftwich, Mayor; Chairman Swayne, Aldermen Glancy, Johnson, Joyce, Black, O'Donnell, Ruffin, Renner, Lemon, McDavitt, Passmore, Moffet, Ellis, Wickersham and Cartright.

A quorum being announced, the Chairman took his seat, and called the Board to order, when the roll of Aldermen was called, and the object of the meeting announced by the following:

The Hon. Board of Aldermen:

Personal interests and business of the city call me to New York and Washington, and I have convened you for the purpose of asking a leave of absence, and to nominate E. McDavitt, Esq., to act as Mayor during my absence.

I desire, also, to call your attention to the immediate necessity of building a bridge on what is known as the Big Creek Flank Road, on the northern boundary line of the city. In reply to a communication addressed to the Hon. County Commissioners on this subject, I am verbally informed by Mr. Merriman, that the county will pay one-half of the cost of said bridge on the terms proposed, to-wit: One-half in cash, and the remainder on twelve months' time or in taxes.

At the request of the Market Masters and many of the butchers, I have authorized the changing of the market hours from evening to morning, and hope you will approve the same.

JOHN W. LEFTWICH, Mayor.

Received and adopted.

By Alderman Passmore:

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 17, 1868.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—I most respectfully beg leave to state to your honorable body that when I was employed as overseer on the chain gang that I sustained a loss in my city wearing, as follows:

For month of November, 1866	$ 4 00
" " December, 1866	40 00
" " March 1867	40 00
" " April, 1867	40 00
" " November, 1867	22 50
Making a total loss of	$170 50

And now I pray that your honorable Board will make my loss good, and, in duty bound, will ever pray.

JOHN CONRY,
Late Overseer on Chain Gang.

P. S. I have petitioned the Board of Aldermen once before, and have not received any account of it afterward. JOHN CONRY,

Referred to Committee on Claims.

By Alderman O'Donnell:

MEMPHIS, March 7, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The undersigned would respectfully represent unto your honorable body that there is a wood yard at the foot of Union street, and opposite Howard's Row, which is a material obstruction to the street and Row, and which your petitioners regard as a nuisance, which should be removed, they therefore respectfully pray an order, by your honorable body, for the removal of the same, and they will ever pray.

Anderson & Gay	Meachum & Treadwell
W W Wilkerson & Co	Kimball Bros
Galbreath, Stewart & Co	Bolling & Co
Price & Treadwell	Webb, Mitchell & Co
W G Wear & Co	Jos A Grossauer
C P Woodruff & Co	Lilly Bros
J Cunningham & Co	McDonald & Woodworth
Wolcott, Smith & Co	Comer & Richardson
F W Reinhardt	M Hamer
Williamson, Hill & Co	Fargason, Cordes & Co
Miller, Jones & Co	Loeb & Bros
A Vaccaro & Co	A Jahl
J L Verser	Aydlett, Robinson & Co
W C C Foster	H Cloib
Wm H Greenlaw	S A Eckerly;

Prayer granted.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, March 17, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

The undersigned, as tax-payers, and most of us living in the Ninth Ward of the city, would most respectfully call your attention to the condition of the street called Bass avenue, one of the oldest in the original boundary, as laid down upon the city map of 1850, and now included in the Ninth Ward. Said street is impassable, in a measure, and the bridge over the bayou, east of Boundary avenue, is in a falling condition, and may result seriously and with great damage to the city, if longer neglected. Your petitioners do earnestly pray an early examination and repairs of said street and bridge. By so doing, it may save the city heavy damages, that will surely occur by longer delay.

[Signed]

Colonel C. J. Seldon,	S. I. Camp,
H. Montgomery,	William Radford,
J. B. Wiggs,	J. C. Lonsdale.

Referred to Improvement Committee.

By Alderman Johnson:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your petitioner respectfully asks permission to repair, with shingles, the roof of a brick building, at No. 69 Market street. The said repair will not increase the danger in case of fire.

Prayer granted. J. GENETTE, Builder.

By the same:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Gentlemen—I desire permission to reshingle a small frame house on my premises, near corner of Main and Second streets, a part of which I propose to use for a coal and wood house. Said repairs will not increase the danger from fire to any of the adjacent or surrounding property.

Very respectfully,

Prayer granted. JOHN O. DREW.

By the same:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

This is to petition for the return of $78 06 taxes on lots Nos. 8 and 9. Said lots were sold by the undersigned before the collection of taxes, and taxes paid by me to the purchaser up to time of sale. Said tax was for the fortieth corporate year, ending July 1st, 1867. Said property was sold some time before the tax was due.

Respectfully,

CHAS. A. PARK.

Referred to Finance Committee.

By the same:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: Your petitioner would most respectfully ask permission to put a shingle roof on a small kitchen attached to one of his buildings on the corner of Third and Madison, and also to repair the roof of one of said buildings. He has the control of the whole square, and in case of any damage, he would be the only person to suffer. Trusting you will grant the request,

I remain yours, respectfully,
P. T. HUGHES.

Prayer granted.

By Alderman O'Donnell:

Resolved, etc., That Michael Cooney be and is hereby allowed to finish building his stable on Center alley, between Overton and Jackson streets.

Adopted.

By Alderman McDavitt:

Resolved, That the Mayor be authorized to advertise for bids, for five days, for building a brick culvert over the drain on Second street, near Bottse's brickyard.

Adopted.

Thereupon the Board adjourned.

L. R. RICHARDS,
Register.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....GEORGE B WADDON
Treasurer.....C. D. SPRINGUEL

Complimentary Benefit to Mr. FRANK ROCHE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 18, 1868, will be presented NICK OF THE WOODS. Il. RADIO by Miss Pierson. Captain Duncan McLane will sing THE MARCH OF THE AMERICAN MEN. To conclude with CATHERINE AND PETRUCHIO.

THURSDAY EVENING, March 19, 1868, Benefit of Mrs. D. R. ALLEN.

☞ Doors open at quarter past seven. Curtain will rise at a quarter to eight.

☞ Seats can be secured six days in advance.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50c.; Gallery 25c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—A new and elegant house on Court street, containing sixteen (16) rooms. No. 198. Apply to WILLIAM J. S. MERVELL, mh18 No. 277 Second street.

COUGH—NO CURE NO PAY—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung Diseases or the price positively refunded. Instantaneous relief produced. Try it. If not satisfied, return the empty bottles and get your money back. O. P. GOODYEAR, 310 Second street, Agent. Price 25 cents. mh18

Clearing Out Sale

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO.

THIS MORNING, of Household Furniture, and a large variety of sundries, too numerous to mention. mh18

Information Wanted.

A LIBERAL REWARD will be given to any one who will inform me of the whereabouts of my husband, ANTONIO ROJO, who left our house on Monday at three o'clock, and has not been heard from since. CATHERINE ROJO.
mh18 61 Main street.

Goodall House.

63 Jefferson Street.

CENTRALLY LOCATED. Board and Loding, $6 per week; Day Board, $1; Travelers, $1 50 per day. Meals at all hours, and table supplied with the best the market affords. mh18

Sealed Proposals.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
MEMPHIS, TENN., March 17, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY, the 23d inst., at twelve o'clock, for building a Brick Culvert under the Big Creek road, at the corporation line. Plans and specifications to be seen at the City Engineer's office.

JOHN W. LEFTWICH,
mh18 Mayor.

LEHNER HOUSE,

FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE ALLEN HOUSE,

Corner Washington & Second Streets.

THIS HOUSE having been newly furnished and painted, is now open for the reception of guests.

First class Boarding and Lodging can be had at low rates.
mh18 J. LEHNER, Proprietor.

Trust Sale

OF A FINE BRICK DWELLING, WITH TWO ACRES OF LAND, on Dunlap avenue. I will sell to the highest bidder.

On Saturday, 15th April, at 12 o'clock M.,

On the premises, Lots Nos. 12 and 13 of the Ragland Subdivision, situated on Dunlap avenue, and consisting about two acres of ground, on which is a handsome Two-story Brick Dwelling, in fine condition; also, twelve Mules. The said property was conveyed to me in trust by E. D. Ragland on the 2d of January, 1867, to secure certain debts therein specified, and will be sold as above and said trust. Terms made known at sale. ROYSTER, TERRELL & CO., Auctioneers.

Notice of Bankruptcy.

United States of America, } ss.
Western District of Tennessee. }

THIS is to give notice, that on the 17th day of March, A. D., 1868, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

C. MENDEL,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 420 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at ten o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 17th day of March, A. D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger
Western District of Tennessee.

By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. mh18

PLANTS & FLOWERS AT AUCTION

BY A. M. STODDARD & CO.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, at nine o'clock, at 228 Second street. The Ladies are particularly invited.
mh17 A. M. STODDARD, Auctioneer.

Alabama Street & Jones Avenue Lots

At Unreserved Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, 18th instant, at 12 o'clock, at our Salesroom, we will sell to the highest bidder, without reserve,

Nine Dwelling Lots

On Alabama street, beginning at the corner of Jones avenue and extending to a point nearly opposite the terminus of the Dunlap street railroad, and fronting on Alabama the most desirable residence property in the city.

Sale positive and without reserve. Title perfect. Terms easy.

ROYSTER, TERRELL & CO.,
mh17 Auctioneers.

Four Residences in South Memphis

On Shelby and Butler Streets,

AT UNRESERVED PUBLIC SALE.

WE are directed to offer at public sale, to the highest bidder,

On Tuesday, March 24,

Upon the premises, two Brick Residences, at the southeast corner, and next to the corner of Shelby and Butler streets, each lot fronting 4 feet on Shelby street, by 150 feet depth. Also, two Frame Residences on Butler street, by 80 feet depth. These are a few of the best houses of modern style, and are well worthy the attention of persons in search of a good private residence.

Terms liberal, and made known at sale.

ROYSTER, TERRELL & CO.,
mh17 Auctioneers.

Notice of Bankruptcy.

United States of America, } ss.
Western District of Tennessee. }

THIS is to give notice that on the 16th day of March, A. D., 1868, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

E. G. WHEELER,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 420 Main street, in Waldran Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 16th day of March, A.D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
Western District of Tennessee.

By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. mh17

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, } ss.
Western District of Tennessee. }

THIS is to give notice that on the 16th day of March, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

JOHN BROWNLEE,

Of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, who have been adjudged Bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 420 Main street, Waldran Block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 16th day of March, A.D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger,
Western District of Tennessee.

By J. B. BINGHAM,
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger. mh17

For Sale.

100 BUSHELLA KEEN SWEET POTATOES.

Apply to W. J. CRAIG & CO.,
mh18 Agents.

OLD WINE & LIQUOR HOUSE

Established by Raphael Semmes in 1819.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, ETC.

Import Direct

Martell Brandies, Port, Sherry and Other Wines.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Moet & Chandon's "Green Seal" Champagne.

Yannissee and Westmoreland Whiskey

oct

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

GEO. PATTISON & CO.,

NO. 317 1-2 MAIN STREET, WEST SIDE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS

BLANK AND MEMORANDUM BOOKS.

A large and well selected stock of everything in our line kept constantly on hand at Lowest Market Price. Wholesale dealers would do well to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. mh6

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Memphis, Tennessee.

CAPITAL : : : : : : : : $200,000

M. J. WICKS, President. W. F. BOYLE, Secretary.
J. H. EDMONDSON, General Agent,

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined by a judicious and economical management of its affairs to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

Office, 291 Main Street.

mh5

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,

GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 209 Main Street, Four Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn.,

General Dealers in Plantation Supplies.

IN ADDITION, ALWAYS HAVE

Choice Michigan Butter, Shaker Preserves, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Lard, Choice Coffees,
Extra Golden Syrup, Canned Fruits, Pickles, Sugar Cured Hams, Irish Potatoes, Hominy, Beans, Pearl Barley,
Buckwheat Flour, Green and Black Teas, Breakfast Bacon,

Have in store a consignment of DRIED PEACHES—fresh from the market.

☞ Captain KEALHOFER gives special attention to Cotton and Produce consigned to the house. ja30

GREAT WESTERN PRODUCE DEPOT!

No. 3 Promenade Street, Elliott Block, Memphis, Tenn.

W. P. WRIGHT,

Storage, Forwarding & General Commission Merchant

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Meal, Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Apples, Potatoes, Onions and Produce generally; also, Lime, Cement and Plaster.

☞ I sell for Cash only, consequently at Lowest Prices. Particular attention given to filling orders. oc

WORSHAM HOUSE,

Memphis, Tennessee.

GALLOWAY & ROYALL, Proprietors.

Board Reduced from $4 00 to $3 00

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

WEDNESDAY, : : : MARCH 18, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	4:00 P.M.	12:45 P.M
Through Express Daily	10:45 P.M.	5:00 P.M
Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	8:35 A.M.	5:00 P.M

Railroad time twenty minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 278 Main street and at Depot.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	1:30 P.M.	4:15 P.M
Sardis Accommodation, Daily, except Sunday	5:20 A.M	1:30 P.M
Friday), North, Monday, Wednesday and Friday; South, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	8:35 P.M.	5:30 A.M

Takes effect Sunday, March 8, 1868.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	3:10 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Night Express	3:15 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

Railroad time 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office No. 267½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all Cities North and West, at 3:00 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile New York, Nashville and all cities South and east, at 12:45 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natches, and all places south, at 3:15 p.m.

All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, at 3:15 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch railroads, at 3:00 p.m.

All Stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 p.m.

ROBERT C. GRAY, Postmaster.

Officers and conductors of railroads are requested to give no free transportation to any one on the credit of the Avalanche.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

CLEARING OUT SALE.—Attend Passmore & Co.'s sale this morning if you want bargains.

Mr. F. Katzenbach's stable was relieved of a horse Monday night—doubtless taken by some of the scalawags who made night hideous by their yellings, between eleven and twelve o'clock.

THE VARIETIES.—Mr. Charlie White, stage manager, will take a benefit to-morrow night. He gives much satisfaction as a performer and manager, and will, no doubt, receive a handsome acknowledgment from his friends and the patrons of the establishment generally.

T. B of the V. of P.

The under G. P. calls you together, at the mid hour. Much is to be done. The moon is on the wane. The trees put forth their leaves. The hour draws nigh. Fail not. By order of the V. C. P.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—Mr. J. Berson's engagement closed last night, with a large audience, composed to a great extent of ladies and gentlemen from the country. This admirable rendition of "Rip Van Winkle" was received with delight. To night Mr. Frank Roche will take a benefit, presenting an attractive bill.

AUCTION SALE OF FRUIT TREES, ETC., CONTINUED.—The sale of fruit and ornamental trees will be continued to-day at the Arcade, No. 300 Second street, when the entire stock will be disposed of The stock, which comprises a very large variety of fruit trees, evergreens and silver maples, have been selected with the greatest care by Mr. E. F. Babcock, proprietor of the St. Clair Nurseries, Summerfield, Illinois, one of the most experienced nurserymen in the United States, and the prices at which will be offered for sale are all in first class order, and will be put up in convenient packages to suit purchasers. Those who wish to beautify and ornament their grounds should not fail to attend this sale.

THE HABEAS CORPUS CASE.—At nine o'clock to-morrow the habeas corpus petition of Colonel M. C. Galloway and Mr. J. Campbell will be argued before Judge Waldran. For a week this case has been the subject of conversation everywhere. All recognize it as the battle of the people against despotism, and the result will be anticipated with no little interest. It is understood that upon the opening of the case to-morrow a large number of ladies will be present.

JOB PRINTING.—Merchants, steamboatmen and others requiring jobs of printing of any kind, should not forget that Messrs. Price & Dakon, No. 9 Jefferson street, under the Commercial Hotel, are prepared to do everything in their line in the best workmanlike manner and on reasonable terms. Their list of types and other material comprises the newest and the best, and their workmen are competent in every regard. Bill heads, cards, dray tickets, circulars, posters, etc., printed at the shortest notice.

Dr. JAMES, fomerly of James' Lock Hospital, New Orleans, for the last seven years located in Chicago, will be in Memphis until further notice. As a specialist in the treatment of chronic diseases, spermatorrhea, etc. Dr. James is acknowledged by the profession and the press, to have no superior. Read what the eminent and venerable Dr. D. Richardson, an old practitioner of Texas, and now proprietor and editor of the Galveston (Texas) *News*, says:

"We have known Dr. James, of Custom House street, New Orleans, personally, for a number of years, and during that time we have been made acquainted with a number of persons who were afflicted with chronic diseases, which had baffled the skill of some of our most scientific physicians, but through the skillful treatment of Dr. James, readily yielded, and were permanently and perfectly cured. We know Dr. James to be a scientific physician and an honorable man, and therefore recommend those requiring his aid to apply to him immediately, through letter or personally, for cure."

Dr. James can be consulted at his rooms, 199 Main Street, over Wheaton's hat store, Webster block, from nine a.m. to one p.m. and from two to five p.m.—consultations free.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Colonel Curry entered upon his duties as Sheriff yesterday.

Judge Shackleford, of the Mississippi High Court of Error and Appeals, is in the city.

One Willie, sneak thief, has been arrested for stealing gunny sacks.

Colonel Dew, of the Huntsville *Independent*, is at the Gayoso.

Marshall Johnson is under arrest for stealing horses.

Mr. Lucius H. Terry, formerly of this city, but now of New Orleans, is at the Gayoso.

Mayor Leftwich will leave in a day or two for Washington, Aiderman McDavitt to act in his place.

Pitser Miller, a lad, son of Mr. Pitser Miller, the well known merchant, was unfortunate enough to break his arm in Bolivar one day last week.

Parker's cotton shed on Union street, was robbed of nearly two bales of cotton Sunday night, a portion of which has been recovered.

Mr. E. F. Gorman, formerly stage manager of the Varieties, was married in Mobile the other day to Miss Louise Starr, late *danseuse* of Deagle's Black Crook ballet.

The architects engaged on plans for the new hotel project will report in a day or two. As soon as one is agreed upon workmen will commence operations.

Col. Joel Davis McKinnie, an old and valued citizen of Hardeman county, died at his residence twelve miles from Bolivar, a few days ago, aged sixty-six.

Thieves entered Dr. H. Schafer's residence on the corner of Hawley street and Town Reserve, Monday night, and stole a number of articles of clothing and provisions.

Mrs. Lanier's residence, 196 Madison street, received a burglarious visitation Monday morning, which resulted in the larceny of about $150 worth of clothing.

The Main street Nicholson pavement has been finished to the alley between Market and Winchester streets. The pavement on Second street will be finished to Market Square this week.

Mr. George Foster, of the extensive grocery house of Foster Brothers, Cincinnati, and one of the most active business men of that city, is at the Gayoso.

A few days since the arrest of David Roach and Leonard Biond, on a charge of highway robbery, preferred by a negro, was mentioned. They have since been discharged on a writ of habeas corpus, and the charge proved to be unfounded.

Mr. Frank Roche, who, it seems, is again a member of Mr. Thompson's company, is announced to take benefit to-morrow night. *Wood of the Woods* is to be presented. Miss Duncan McLean will appear in Highland costume and sing a song, and Miss Fanny Pierson will favor the audience with *Il Bacio*.

We have received a letter from Mr. A. M. Price denying the truth of a paragraph recently published in the AVALANCHE relative to his intended connection with a minstrel troupe. We learn that the insertion of the paragraph was occasioned by some of his friends to retaliate upon him for practical jokes of a somewhat similar nature. This is not the first instance in which people have been hoisted by their own petard.

Petro Oil should not be used with the old fashioned coal oil burner. Use the comet burner.

2w ROSENBAUM & CO.

Corri Corri! Corri!!—The large and splendid stock of boots, shoes and hats—one of the best in the South—to be closed out at less than Eastern cost, for cash, at J. T. Handlan & Co.'s, No. 279 Main street. im.

MEETING AT ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

Address by Hon. John Everett, of England.

Our Troubles, and the Only Remedy

Pursuant to a call from the President of the Chamber of Commerce, a meeting of the citizens was held yesterday afternoon at Odd Fellows' Hall. About one hundred of the prominent citizens were present. Colonel Nelson called the meeting to order, and introduced Mr. John Everett, of England.

Mr. Everett addressed the meeting in a sensible, practical style at some length. We give an outline of his remarks which will be found very interesting to all classes of our people. The speaker commenced by saying he was altogether out of his place in attempting to speak; he was a worker and not a talker. His place was in the busy haunts of the city. He lived on Lombard street, London, which many of his listeners knew to be a very busy place, where people worked a great deal and talked little. His object was not of a political character, but to promote, if possible, the material interests of the people.

General Richardson, of this city, when on a visit to London some time since, had made him promise if he ever came to this country to visit the South, and in compliance with that promise he was here, and had consented to address the citizens of Memphis. He was here to make observations of the character of the country, its interests, resources, condition and prospects. He would not make himself officious, but he would make some suggestions in all kindness. Men here of intellect, education and social position were stricken down in spirit, and ready to yield the great race of life. He felt it his duty to do anything in his power for ameliorating the misfortunes and sorrows of such people.

He said he regretted he had not met the people here in sunnier times, years ago; but said we were both too busy then. The people of England know little more of the people of the South than they do of the inhabitants of the moon, and in some of the Northern States it is almost the same. In New York he had heard the most unaccountable and false tales of oppression down here. He came with all these impressions, expecting to find a people utterly ruined and passing away. Coming, as he did, a stranger and not acquainted with the peculiar troubles and sorrows of the people, he could see things in a brighter light than they could.

Here are found some of the richest lands and finest resources of the world. The lands of the South generally are far superior to those of England, and the climate is unsurpassed anywhere. You can go on with your agriculture three-fourths of the year, instead of being housed that time by wintry blasts, and compelled to keep your stock in close quarters also. Your hills that rise the clouds are full of mineral wealth, equal to any in the world. Some of the finest surface specimens he ever saw was shown him by Colonel Sam Tate. These are the resources that prop industry, stimulate enterprise and arouse energy. The people of England say that you possess the elements of natural prosperity, and that this country was designed by the great Creator to be agricultural and great. If one race will not make it so some other certainly will be found to do it. That is what the people say on the other side.

Without stern manhood nothing great can be established. People may make a country, but a country can never make a people. Wherever there is true manhood there will be prosperity. In what does manhood consist? A determination to carry out our purposes, to bear misfortune, to exercise fortitude in the face of adversity, to suffer and move forward at the same time. The question then arises, have you this true manhood? If you have not, then whence came such heroism, gallantry and endurance in the late conflict which you have had? Whence the devotion, sacrifices and patient endurance of your noble women at home when you were far away from them? This is certainly manhood of a type not inferior to the ancient heroes whose names are inscribed in history, and whom we all learn to revere in childhood; and no one can believe that such men will give up. We cannot believe that this country, rich in all the elements of prosperity, will be abandoned or allowed to go down.

What, then, are the means and how are they to be used to bring about that prosperity commensurate with your resources. No country is truly and permanently great that is not agriculturally so. Whence comes the greatness of little England? Her yeomanry have been the source of power and glory. They are the foundation of England's prowess. They are prosperous, by tilling almost every inch of the soil to the highest perfection, and you, to become a great and prosperous people, must make five out of every foot of land.

No country is rich long that goes abroad for everything to eat and wear. "If I go to London," said the speaker, "from my country place, for grapes, nectarines, and nuts, and pot-stones, and fruits, when I can raise them as well at home, at a trifling cost, it is quite likely that the constable would soon be closing me out. Forgive me, if I talk plain to you, for it is for your own good that I speak; but I have seen your people here have been in the habit of importing the simplest articles of domestic use; that your brooms, even, are brought from Illinois, when your old sedgefields are full of the material to supply the country with brooms. Your axe handles come from the North when your forests abound with the finest timbers to be found anywhere; that everything to be thought of comes from abroad. When people buy so much from abroad they soon have little at home, and are likely to stay there long themselves. But one thing has been thought of in this country while all your money has been sent off to your more inventive neighbors. It has been cotton, cotton, cotton, cotton all the time, while every interest has been neglected. Your climate and soil will produce every thing you need to eat, drink or wear. The South is particularly adapted to the growth of the grape. He had drank wine a few weeks ago made by a planter near Mobile which was equal to the best European wine.

He was wearing a hat, he said, made at Columbus, Mississippi, by Slaughter & ——which was equal to foreign manufacture. You can go into any manufacture right here everything you need to wear, from the sole of your foot to the crown of your head. Then accept the suggestion from one who wishes you well. Set to work at once, and do it, and become really independent. Look at home for prosperity, not abroad.

There is a trite old saying that "nobody can make a man." The boy when put out in the world may rise from obscurity and poverty to honor and influence, if there is anything in him. The same may be said of a country. It is never made by outside circumstances. Nothing can be made of either a man or a country that has nothing in it. Be not disappointed by disappointments. When a man gets knocked down he finds out whether he has any India rubber in him, and whether he has the manhood to get up. You cannot keep some men down: they will rise in spite of misfortune. Surely the people of the South have been knocked down, and robbed and beaten, but the American people are noted for getting up; and you will surely not deny their character.

Mr. Everett said he knew but little about political reconstruction, and cared nothing about it. What is most needed is material reconstruction. You want labor—your system has been destroyed and scattered to the four winds of the earth; you never had enough at any time; 4,000,000 of people who did the work are set loose, but 14,000,000 would not be a drop in the bucket, to what your lumenese territory demands, and will one day certain. Labor and land are naturally connected together, and yet of all things they are the most difficult things to manage. Your labor is gone and the land is depreciated hundreds of per cent. A better system will yet be inaugurated. The African race, when placed on an equal footing, can never keep pace with the active, energetic Anglo Saxon, some of them are very intelligent and highly educated. They are good imitators, but bring them into active competition with the white man and they will fall short in the race. At present their labor cannot be relied upon as laborers. In England, the rule is that a man who will not work shall not eat. Everything depends on labor, and it is the great problem of every nations greatness. Immigration is what this country wants.

Farming in England is very expensive, and the small farmers nearly are tenants, and it requires a capital of not less than one thousand pounds, or five thousand dollars, to cultivate successfully one hundred acres. There are many young men just able to make ends meet there, go a small farm, who, if induced to come to this county, could buy land of their own, and with their industrious, frugal habits and ideas of strict economy would soon grow rich and affluent. Suppose you had a few thousand such men in this, or any country, the land would soon blossom as a garden, and peace and plenty smile on the land. Such men as these can live where they are, and they will not come here as laborers. But if you will give them positive proof of what you will do: let them have your waste lands in large bodies suitable for colonies, they will come. Give them a guarantee that your best men will unite in a corporation to encourage emigration. A poor man who cannot afford to do a petty, mean thing for the sake of a few dollars. Unless your very best men will go into the enterprise, proposed, said the Speaker, "I will not touch it." The plan is to enrich both sides and not for the aggrandizement of any few men. Let an organization be effected, and he would suggest to call it the "National Freeholder's Land Association" of ——State, or county. If this was done, the world would surely hie hither, and that of his business house in England, to emigrate. But the movement must come from you.

He had had applications for money by persons who wished to carry on farming in the old style. It was worse than folly, said he would as soon throw his money away as to let it go in that manner. The old style cannot be followed any more; it is impossible now. The only way to farm now is to cut up the large plantations into little farms and have them well cultivated; build up home manufactures; multiply your industries; serve yourselves first and then sell any surplus you may have abroad. Many seem to have thought of this before; numerous minds have been running the same way, and the time seems at hand when action could and should be taken. If you are in earnest about this matter, get together 500,000 acres of land and offer them for sale on the European market at reasonable figures; you will find buyers and get better people to till the land than ever before. Let them come in colonies and bring all their social ties with them, that nothing may remain behind to tempt them back to their native land. A Southern gentleman once visited Europe to procure labor, and brought over sixty Germans. He thought he had done a great thing, but there was only one woman in the crowd, and the consequence was fifty-nine of them went back. Let the men who come bring their wives and children and neighbors and settle down together where their social habits will not be changed or ties of affinity broken. They will help develope the resources of the country, and a new order of things will be brought about.

If you wish this subject further discussed, let a meeting be called for next Friday evening. By that time Dr. C. K. Marshall, of Vicksburg, will be in the city, and will no doubt be happy to address you on this subject.

The speaker, on taking his seat, was warmly applauded. His remarks received the strictest attention of all present, and doubtless their warm approbation. He speaks words of truth, experience and sincerity, which our people would do well to heed before it is too late.

In accordance with Mr Everett's suggestion a meeting was called for Friday evening at the same place, at seven o'clock, when the same gentleman and Dr. C. K. Marshall, eminent for his devotion to the true interests of the South, may be expected to speak. We bespeak a full attendance of those interested in the prosperity of the country.

THE LATE OUTRAGE.

A Negro Pandemonium on the Street—Shooting, Yelling and Rowdyism.

The startling occurrences on the streets late Monday night would disgrace the wildest hordes of savages who ever appeared on the war path, or danced around flames to the expiring groans of perishing victims. But they were not of a character to disgrace the miserable things in human shape who incited and participated in them. Of course we allude to the unearthly yells and the shootings that went a fearful terror throughout the city after the fearful tornado subsided, when all law and order ing citizens were endeavoring to woo the slumbers that the storm denied them.

During the evening thousands of negroes, run drunk and maudlin drunk, were at the Greenlaw Opera House rejoicing over the successful issue of them in famy recently practiced at the polls. While the storm raged without, within the most frenzied declamations from black and white negroes passed from the lips of men steeped in infamy, and seething, by keeping the passions of their black tools at fever heat, to farther incense them against the respectable whites of the community.

The natural result of this was manifested at the close of the disgraceful proceedings inside the hall. Once outside, the mob, crazed with drink and incendiary harangues, soon filled the streets. Hundreds started in different directions, yelling like demons, filling the air with curses, and every few moments discharging volleys of firearms into the air, walls and the ground. For nearly half an hour Second and Main streets were literally lined with the black scoundrels, who seemed to take a fiendish delight in frightening the terror stricken citizens who ventured to the windows and doors to learn the cause of the extraordinary demonstration.

Until long after midnight these hellish orgies were continued. Far up in North Memphis, through Chelsea, Scotland, down into South Memphis and beyond, spread hundreds of drunken, riotous negroes, armed with guns or pistols, firing every few yards, and indulging in language too uncouth for any others than their more infamous white associates to hear. It was not the result of impulse. These negroes went armed to the meeting, because so instructed, probably by miserable fiends on humanity who disgrace the judicial ermine.

Thousands believed a riot in progress, and the utmost alarm prevailed throughout the night. Exciting reports spread like wildfire, and hundreds anticipated hearing from yesterday's papers that the streets were running in blood.

Had white men engaged in these outrages the station house yesterday morning would have been filled with them. But the Radical press would teem with thrilling chapters abounding in indignities offered "loyal" men. But we heard of no arrest. It is no crime for hordes of semi-barbarous negroes to go armed through the streets at midnight firing, as well, and yelling like demons; but a white man whose pistol becomes accidently discharged is dragged into police court and fined.

We tell the Radical white scoundrels, who are responsible for such scenes as disgraced Memphis Monday night, that these outrages must cease, or the people will find a way to stop them. While such demonstrations are allowed law-abiding citizens cannot be safe in person or property. A word from a drunken leader could have turned the surging black mass into an angry mob, to perpetrate any crime required of them. The Radical leaders are sowing the wind. Let them beware lest they reap the whirlwind.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Yesterday's Session.

Peace reigned in the Board of County Commissioners yesterday. Gentle spring was never more gentle than the fiery sons of thunder, who but the day before belched forth sulphur and brimstone. The face of the lovely Blowis was covered by that alligator smile; the gentleman from Iowa was placid as a sunbeam; the gifted Louis inhaled his lager, straight as usual; Merriman's elegant was succeeded by his wonted equanimity, and Hack was the personation of grace and dignity. Everything was lovely, and the goose occupied an elevated position.

Judge P. T. Scruggs, attorney for Mr. Thomas E. Leonard, County Trustee, presented that gentleman's petition contesting little Wickersnapper's right to the office. Illegality of various kinds was alleged.

Mr. J. J. Powers, jail contractor, presented an account, claiming $99,000 yet due him from the county. Referred to a committee consisting of Messrs Hack and F. W. Louis of the Board, and A. D. Williamson.

The notorious Dr. P. D. Beecher presented himself as bondsman for —— Lamon, constable. He was questioned as to his property, and although willing to swear to anything, the Board referred the matter to a committee of one—Merriman—which settles the question.

Hume F. Hill, Esq., Magistrate Twelfth Civil District, Reuben Dailey, Esq., Magistrate Fifth Civil District, and Barney Cox, Constable of the Fifth Civil District, filed their bonds, and were qualified.

A communication was presented from Mr. John Langue, mentioning the receipt of a letter from Hon. G. W. Blackburn, State Comptroller, suggesting as the tax to be levied for county purposes: State tax 40c on $100; school tax, 20c on $100; on the poll, State and school tax, $1 50. No colored poll tax will be collected, niggers having been smart enough to be born black.

There were no other proceedings of interest.

Something Mysterious.

The following declaration found its way to our sanctum at a late hour last night, and is published for the benefit or amusement of those whom it may concern. It sounds more like business than some of the mysterious orders which have been floating around, and may possibly emanate from one of the numerous self-protecting organizations which are reported to exist in various parts of the State:

H. B. R.—H. Q. XXV.

DECLARATION.

We hereby unite ourselves as an organization for the purpose of earnestly endeavoring to adopt such measures as will remedy the political evils now oppressing us and our sympathizing friends, and which must, if not opposed by the systematic and determined opposition of all true white men, end in the ruin and complete overthrow of our social and political institutions, and with them all we hold near and dear on earth.

We furthermore pledge ourselves, each to the other, upon our sacred honor as men, to abide by the deliberate and clearly ascertained will of a majority of the Board of Directors, and that we will heartily co-operate with the Association in all things tending to a speedy and successful correction, by every legitimate way, of what we consider the unjust and unconstitutional legislation of the Radical party in power.

OUR DECISION ON SEWING MACHINES.—Being thoroughly conversant with all the leading sewing machines, we hesitate not in recommending the Wheeler & Wilson improved lock-stitch machine to all wishing a reliable family machine, as being far superior to all other machines, for durability, ease of operating, neatness of work, and the great variety of work they are capable of doing. Call and see them at the sale room of A. Sumner & Co., 256 Second street.

Planters wanting boots, shoes, or the very latest styles of ladies' wear, will call at the large and magnificent house of J. T. Handlan & Co., where they are selling under cost. 1m

ST. PATRICK.

How the Day was Celebrated in Memphis.

Our Irish fellow citizens celebrated St. Patrick's day most spiritedly, a large number giving up the entire day to the occasion.

The programme already published was executed. At 9 o'clock the procession appeared on Main street in the following order:

MUSIC.

1. Hibernian Mutual Relief Society.
2. St. Patrick's Temperance Society.
3. Friendly Sons of St. Patrick.

The Sodality did not turn out in a body, but many being members of one of the other societies above mentioned, also appeared in the procession.

The band played a number of spirited Irish airs, and the procession moved gaily through the streets to St. Patrick's church on the corner of Linden and DeSoto streets, where Rev. Father Walsh delivered an address on the "Life, Virtues and Writings of St. Patrick."

After the conclusion of the address the procession reformed and proceeded to the residence, on Market street, of Colonel M. Magevney, sr., President of the Hibernian Relief Society. Colonel Magevney has been quite ill for several months, but was escorted to the door, on crutches, by a couple of members of the society. He was received with cheers, and, in a few words expressed his gratification at the compliment and at meeting so many of his friends.

The procession afterward went to the hall of the Irish societies, on the corner of Main and Adams streets, where sentiments and conviviality became the order of the day. The chair was occupied by Mr. John Lilly, President *pro tem* of the Hibernian Mutual Relief Society. Among the toasts were:

"The Day we Celebrate"—response by P. I. Mulverhill.

"Ireland's Illustrious Dead"—response by Colonel M. Magevney, jr.

"America, the land of our Adoption"—response by Mr. Sam. Tighe.

"The Health of Colonel M. Magevney, sr"—response by Mr. W. C. McClure.

Messrs. James Flaherty, J. P. Gallagher and Jerry Feely briefly addressed the assemblage on topics of interest to Irishmen.

At seven p.m. the societies reassembled at the same place, preparatory to attending Rev. Father Carroll's lecture on the "Life and Writings of St. Patrick." They proceeded in a body to the Church and afterward returned to the rendezvous, where some time was spent socially. Wine flowed freely, and general good feeling prevailed. The wine and other liquors used on the occasion, were the gift of Colonel M. Magevney, senior.

A ball and festival were given at the Memphis Club Hall last night, for the benefit of St. Patrick's Church. It was largely attended by those engaged in celebrating the day, and many others, including scores of the fair sex.

Thus passed St. Patrick's day in Memphis.

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES COURT.—*Connelly F. Trigg, Judge.*—Yesterday the case of the United States vs. B. B. Huston, was called up for trial, and will be concluded to-day. Huston stands indicted for attempting to extort money by pretending to have authority as a revenue collector. His partner, Williams, was convicted a few days since of the same offense. The case was continued until this morning for the purpose of introducing Williams as a witness on the part of the defense.

Judge Henry T. Elliett was sworn in and admitted as an attorney of this court.

In the case of voluntary bankruptcy of P. I Huette & Co., who was declared a bankrupt, the motion for a new trial was heard on yesterday and refused.

The following petitions in bankruptcy have been filed since the last report: N. S. Moore, Lauderdale county; W. Q. Rogers, McNairy county.

BANKRUPTCY COURT—*T. J. Latham, Register.*—A meeting of creditors was had in the cases of B. M. Patterson, J. S. Martin, E. P. Churchill, D. W. A. Exley, and William Y. Cirode appointed receiver. The petition of R. C. Hite has been found incorrect in form by the Register.

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge, etc.*—The cases set for trial on yesterday will be called up to-day.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*George W. Waldran, Judge.* Roman Brown, indicted for unlawful gaming in one hundred cases, submitted ten of them—a nol pros being entered as to the others. The Court fined him twenty-five dollars in the first case, and one in the others.

D. Cunningham, indicted for the same offense in one hundred cases, submitted ten cases, a nol pros being entered as to the others—fined twenty-five dollars in the first case, and one in the others.

John Lego, same offense, fifty cases; a nol pros was entered as to all but two—fined five dollars in the first case, and two in each of the others.

Forfeitures were taken against the following parties, charged with receiving bribes, and their securities: John Smith and Avery Cline.

Mr. Taft, the newly elected Clerk of the Municipal Court, presented himself yesterday, and was sworn in by Judge Waldran, the present incumbent, Colonel Eaton, objected to the same. The question as to turning over the books, papers, etc., of the office at the present time, reserved for discussion and hearing on Friday next.

The cases set for trial to-day are as follows:

104 to 105 The State vs Carter
106 to 221 The State vs Dipart
2-6 The State vs Carter
312 to 322 The State vs Shipley

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.* The causes set for hearing to-day are:

784 Battle vs Brown.
760 Stettheimer vs Samelson.
770 Hardy vs Nelson.
772 Edmington vs Giles.
773 Jones vs Logwen.
774 Hardy vs Nelson.
776 Abernrombie vs Abercrombie.
778 Haldran vs Carter.
777 Lowenstine vs Campbell.
779 Godless vs same.
779 Perry vs Williams.
780 Pittman vs Mallord.
781 Leonard vs same.
782 Tagg vs Looney.
783 Rogers vs Irwin.
784 Connelly vs Hayne.
785 Leonard vs Brown.
786 Clarisp vs Barry.
787 Noles vs Goldsmith.
788 Aubert vs Winn.
789 Bingham vs Hallman.
790 Swain vs Wilford.
791 Mills vs. Bowman.
794 Orgeon vs Hollenshade.
793 Ash son vs ward.
795 Ashburn vs Hollenshade.
796 Green vs Ware.
798 Russell vs Hollenshade.
799 Cowardi vs Ford.
800 Barry vs Gibson.
801 Campbell vs Nelson.
803 Mo. ombie vs. mith.
804 Jones vs Miller.
805 Larson vs Miller.
806 Lambert vs Wells.
807 Levlis vs Cole.
808 Grace V. Grace.
809 Clark vs Rayholds.
810 Grace V. Grace.
811 Stor. vs. Jerson.
812 Miller vs Jones.
813 Kelly vs Fowler.
814 Thomas vs Coffee.
815 Kelly vs same.
816 Clark vs Rayholds.
817 Cook vs Barrel.
818 Dobbs vs Linsley.
819 Alexander vs Hunt.
820 Trump vs Hopkins.
821 Heath vs Grace.
822 Hill vs Mix.

CRIMINAL COURT—*William Hunter, Judge.*—The following strange and unique order of adjournment appears upon the records of this Court:

It appearing to the Court that, in consequence of the continued publications of a series of false, libelous and seditious articles which have been published by a portion of the printing press of the city of Memphis, through a period of several months, the obvious tendency and design of which has been to intimidate the Judge of this Court in the discharge of his official duty, and to so inflame the passions of the people that the process and judgments of this Court cannot be enforced; and it coming to the notice of the Court that one of the offenders in this regard, who had been committed to prison under the judgment and order of this Court, was illegally discharged from custody, and while so at liberty, at a late hour on the night of Friday, the 13th of March, 1868, in company with other desperate men, went to the residence of the Judge of this Court for the purpose and with the intent of effecting his assassination, because of his official action; and that this and similar acts of violence and outrage are sanctioned and encouraged by a considerable portion of the people of this community; and it further appearing that adequate support cannot at the present time be obtained to secure the enforcement of the process and judgments of the Court; and it is ordered that this Court stand adjourned until such time as the obstacles to its administration of justice shall be removed.

WM. HUNTER, Judge."

And, therefore, Court adjourned until Monday morning, the 13th day of April next, at 10 o'clock.

Query—Is not Judge Hunter (upon his own version of the law) clearly in contempt of the Municipal Court of Memphis, Judge Waldran having, according to Judge Hunter, illegally discharged from custody the defendants?"

ACCIDENTS.

Freight Train Thrown from the Mississippi Central Railroad—Trestle Washed Away.

On Monday night some trestle work on the Mississippi Central railroad north of Holly Springs was washed away, and detained the northward bound passenger train at Hudsonville three hours.

The same evening a portion of the down freight train ran off the trestle near Bolivar, on the same road. The cars were only slightly damaged, and no person was injured.

TORNADO.

A Violent Gale and Rain Storm Monday Night.

Damage Done to Property of all Kinds—Injuries to Steamboats.

The tornado which passed over this locality late Thursday night was the heaviest and most disastrous that has visited us for years. It lasted about twenty minutes, blowing a perfect hurricane, detaching signs, levelling fences, and doing great damage to shrubbery, and shade and fruit trees. It was accompanied by a most violent rain, which continued some time after the gale subsided.

Two or three old shanties were blown down, but the damage generally was of the character already mentioned. On the river, however, the damage was much more severe. The Lady Gay's chimneys were blown down, falling on the city wharfboat, and injuring her guards to the extent of eight hundred dollars. The damage to the Lady Gay will reach two thousand dollars. The stove in the hall of the Lady Gay was blown over and the steamer narrowly escaped being set on fire. The Commercial's chimneys also blew down, striking her guards in the fall. The damage is estimated at one thousand five hundred dollars. The Emperor caught the gale at Fort Pillow. The top of her pilot house was blown away. We heard of no other damage to shipping.

Letter presses at Cowperthwait, Chapman & Co.'s, 279½ Main street.

For bargains in clothing, furnishing goods, etc., attend the auction sale at Reid & Bro.'s, at three o'clock p.m.

Auction sale at Reid & Bro.'s, No. 153½ Jefferson street, this afternoon, at three o'clock.

Go to the auction sale at Reid & Bro.'s, Jefferson street, at three o'clock this p.m.

Black, Camron & Co, have removed to No. 246 Front street. 3t

FOR SALE.—Fifty bushels of seed sweet potatoes. Apply to W. J. Chase &Co., No. 24 Poplar street. 3t

Just received by L. Podesta & Co., 55 Madison street, direct importers, from Genoa, Italy, and for sale low: Italian macaroni, assorted; Italian wine, assorted; Italian cheese and Italian sweet oil. Foreign and domestic liquor constantly on hand, at the lowest price. 1w

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, March 18.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather, clear and pleasant. The river is still swelling at the rate of a foot per hour. At St. Louis the river is rising, with a good stage of water out to Cairo. The Ohio is rising from Pittsburg to Cairo, with seventeen feet in the channel. At Louisville the river is rising rapidly, with ten feet steamboat water on the falls. The Lower Ohio is now bank full. The Arkansas is declining at Little Rock, with twenty feet in the channel. White river is bank full, and rising slowly at Duvall's Bluff.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Emperor, Cincinnati.
" Arabian, Little Rock.
" Virginia, New Orleans.
" Dexter, New Orleans.
" Great Republic, St. Louis.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Virginia, Cincinnati.
" Sam. J. Hale, Cincinnati.
" Dexter, Louisville.
" Cora S., Louisville.
" Des Arc, Vicksburg.
" Commercial, White river.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis River.
" Lady Gay, New Orleans.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" Arabian, St. Louis.
" Great Republic, New Orleans.

BOATS IN PORT.

Henry Ames, Celeste, Gleaner, Emperor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The wharf yesterday presented a dull and quiet appearance with the exception of prints scarce. There was but few cotton shipments offering for the Ohio, and the packets left with rather light trips. The Sam. J Hale had three hundred bales, and the Cora S ninety bales.

The Great Republic passed down the river on Monday night, proved very disastrous to the Commercial and Lady Gay, which were laying at the wharf. Fortunately for several steamers that were moored at the time the wind was blowing on shore. In our local columns will be found full details of the damages incurred by the gale. The chimneys of the Lady Gay were blown down, falling on Larry Harmstad's wharf boat with a crash, going through the roof of the wharfboat, damaging it to the amount of eight hundred dollars. The damage to the Lady Gay was estimated at two thousand dollars. Her officers, after a hard day's work, succeeded in rigging up a pair of stumps, to enable her to continue on her trip. She backed out for New Orleans Monday night, with one-half of her chimneys, during the hardest part of the gale. The hal stove was blown down, scattering coals of fire over the boat, and for while it was feared the Lady Gay and the wharfboat would be consumed by fire, and were only saved by the extra exertions of the officers of the boat. The fire from the stove was speedily extinguished, and doing no damage, though the passengers and crew were much frightened.

The white river packet Commercial also suffered $1,500 damages by having her chimneys blown overboard, and her guards damaged, though the accident did not delay her. Captain Wm. Ashford had a pair of stumps rigged up, and she left last night as usual with a good trip. A new pair of chimneys will be ready for her on her return trip.

The Emperor, bound to this port from Cincinnati, met the storm at Fort Pillow. She effected a landing in a safe harbor, with the light loss of the top of her pilot house. She is receiving at the wharf for a return trip to Cincinnati, and leaves to-day at five p.m. for New Orleans and the bends. Captain T. L. Crawford and Messrs. John Sullivan and Billy Page are her competent and clever clerks.

The Dexter and Virginia passed up yesterday morning. The Dexter had on board two hundred and twenty five head of Texas cattle.

The Arabian came in from the Arkansas with two hundred and ninety-five bales of cotton, and was to have left last night for St. Louis, with two hundred bales of cotton.

English, of the *Appeal*, and Thomson, of the *Bulletin*, are foaming at the mouth over their failure to become head venture of the Colonel Brandon affair, and are bound to get Tom Porter killed. The brigade met in Wolf's Hole Sunday night, and discussed the claims of the two aspirants. English's associations were found to be so infernally bad that he was dropped without a ballot. Thompson's case progressed swimmingly, until it leaked out that he had butted out all his brains against the ice on Winnike pond. Absence of brains was decreed almost an objectionable infirmity, because of morals; so the brigade is still without a head.

The Des Arc backed out for Vicksburg with a fair trip. Mr. George Eggleston of Cairo, formerly of Memphis, was a passenger on her, bound for Helena.

The Marble City cleared for St. Louis with colors flying, though the flag at her mast head was flying with the union ensign down, which is a sig nal of distress. The Captain had no business may have accounted this movement.

The Gleaner, Captain Harrison Blasdell, leaves for the Arkansas on Thursday.

The Adam Jacobs is the regular Thursday St. Louis packet.

The Great Republic passed down for New Orleans last night heavily freighted.

The Mollie Able, Lizzie Gill and Bismark are loading at St. Louis for New Orleans.

The Clifton, Captain Stein, will be in port to-day from Cincinnati, and leave to morrow at 5 p.m. with a return trip.

The little steamer Uncle Ned struck a snag and sunk in the Upper Missouri on Saturday.

Captain Symmes has bought the stern wheeler Lacon for $5,000. Jacob Sedam takes command and loads her for the mountains.

Ben. Johnson and F. Dozier have purchased the side-wheel steamer

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

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5	6 00	10 00	12 00	16 00	17	8 00	14 00	18 00	44 00
6	6 00	10 00	12 00	20 00	18	8 00	14 00	18 00	48 00
7	6 00	10 00	12 00	24 00	19	8 00	14 00	18 00	52 00
8	6 00	10 00	12 00	28 00	20	8 00	14 00	18 00	56 00
9	6 00	10 00	12 00	32 00	21	8 00	14 00	18 00	60 00
10	6 00	10 00	12 00	36 00	22	8 00	14 00	18 00	64 00
11	6 00	10 00	12 00	40 00	23	8 00	14 00	18 00	68 00
12	6 00	10 00	12 00	44 00	24	8 00	14 00	18 00	72 00
13	8 00	14 00	18 00	48 00	25	8 00	14 00	18 00	76 00
14	8 00	14 00	18 00	52 00	26	8 00	14 00	18 00	80 00
15	8 00	14 00	18 00	56 00	27	8 00	14 00	18 00	84 00
16	8 00	14 00	18 00	60 00	28	8 00	14 00	18 00	88 00
17	8 00	14 00	18 00	64 00	29	8 00	14 00	18 00	92 00
18	8 00	14 00	18 00	68 00	30	8 00	14 00	18 00	96 00
19	8 00	14 00	18 00	72 00	31	8 00	14 00	18 00	100 00
20	8 00	14 00	18 00	76 00	32	8 00	14 00	18 00	104 00
21	8 00	14 00	18 00	80 00	33	8 00	14 00	18 00	108 00
22	8 00	14 00	18 00	84 00	34	8 00	14 00	18 00	112 00
23	8 00	14 00	18 00	88 00	35	8 00	14 00	18 00	116 00
24	8 00	14 00	18 00	92 00	36	8 00	14 00	18 00	120 00

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LETTER FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The Fruitless Heath, or a Big Liar on One Wheel.

A Microscopic General on a Magnificent Bender.

Another Richmond in the Field with Contempt.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS, March 12, 1868.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: A few days ago, our astute Mayor, whose brains seem to be as barren a Heath as his name signifies, issued a manifesto which declared that the depreciation of city money was due to the maladministration of this department, and attributed all this to General Hancock's interference with certain officials. The truth is, that as soon as a certain character was reinstated in office by order of Grant, the depreciation took the form of a panic, and while such irresponsible plunderers and fellows remain in custody of the treasures of the city, so long will there be an utter want of confidence in the currency, and it must continue to remain far below par. A significant omen appeared on the day the fellow Baker was reinstated. The sky put on mourning and the floods descended, the clouds frowned, and the deep-toned thunder growled indignant protest against the pestiferous infliction and tyrannical wrong. If the foregoing is reckoned steep and sublime raving, it seeks justification in that the example has been set in the frantic meanderings and ramping balderdash of the nondescript writers named Radicals.

The Radical organ here attributes the depreciation in currency to the presence of Jefferson Davis. This is, however, only in keeping with its usual character for telling lies and being generally dishonest. As it is excluded from all meetings by the press, ignored in every respect, as a journal, and contemned as a most villainous sheet, so its utter ances go for nothing, and its hireling's ravings are unnoticed. It was from this fertile source that the lies emenated concerning the demonstrations here at the time of the firemen's anniversary celebration, on March 4th. The truth is, the Radicals have been reduced to such a minority by which to carry elections, and, hence, they resort to every means that promises a hope of benefit. To this view their party leaders have been putting forward all manner of provocations here, to invite riotous demonstrations and secure a conflict between the whites and niggers. Every few nights there are seen on the streets large parties of niggers, who march with torches and mottoes, and with music and shouts that awaken the echoes of the city. They use every means to provoke a fray; but the good sense of the people has prevented collisions. A New Orleans riot would be used to great advantage by the Radical party everywhere, and be urged against General Hancock; but the leaders have resolved without their hosts. The General keeps a vigilant watch on the manoeuvres, and woe to the poor devils who attempt a riot. A peculiar feature of the demonstrations is, that the whites, who incite the niggers, do not let themselves appear in the ranks or vicinity of the would-be rioters.

As an incident corresponding to the perversions and utterances, concerning rebellion being still rampant here, and as a specimen of the contemptible malice that the cowardly things termed radicals, bear to us and our most sacred and revered memories, I will relate the following: In the St. Charles Hotel there are two portraits, one of General Robert E. Lee, the other of Stonewall Jackson. They garnish each side of the office, and are the first objects one sees, when he enters the rotunda. These portraits were hung there to be raffled for, a year and a half ago. Last spring, when General Campbell was stopping here and neglecting his Mexican mission, one day in a virtuous, or rather drunken and maudlin fit of indignation he peremptorily ordered Colonel Boyd, the manager of the hotel, to have the pictures taken down. The Colonel promptly recommended the sapient ambassador to go to the devil, and informed him that the portraits should remain there. To this the microscopic minister threatened bayonets, force, and like awful vengeance of little Phil. Colonel Boyd remained immovable and contemptuous. The little envoy mamilson became furious, and threatened the withdrawal of his custom, and that of all northern people. The Colonel remained firm and immovable and informed the scabby Law, that his room was far preserable to his company, and offered to expel him from the hotel with as little ceremony as he vacated the premises from the contaminating presence of the odorous Wormondi. In a short time previous, Campbell dried up and continued to stay at the St. Charles, by paying his bill regularly every week. And the pictures continue to ornament the sides of the office, and the sumptuous hotel does not seem to have lost any of its popularity or fame or patronage, for it is filled with the *elite* from every section of the country, and not one of ten thousand of its guests is so much a fool and idiot as to lodge a like complaint to that of little Lewis. Among the guests of the house I notice the name of Captain John K. Moody, whose fame as a successful steamboatman needs no eulogy from my hands. Ben May's keen, business looking face, and quick, energetic body, are daily visible in the hotel. Colonel M. W. Cluskey has returned from a visit to the country, and presents a vastly improved appearance. There are few Memphis people in the city, and those that are here are denizens of mine hotel.

General Hancock has ordered the registration process to proceed in accordance with the Congressional provisions, and that the election under the new constitution will take place at an early date. The expected decision of the Supreme Court may change the course of events and save the State. Their contemptible fool—Grant—however, may be induced to set aside the Supreme Court, as he has all other law, except his own will. No surprise would ensue at such a catastrophe, That we are the most subjugated people, politically, nationally and personally on the earth, is too evident to argue. As a sad specimen, we regret to see that your local is in prison. I have a *six ounce syringe* that is at his service if he wishes to purge the thing —Hunter—of contempt, and if the billy goat considers this sentence sufficient ground to commit me for contempt, he had better make his will ere he tries me on. COUSIN NOURMA.

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[From Honorable Francis E. Spinner, Treasurer of the United States.]

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WASHINGTON, D. C., February 24, 1868.

John Livingston, Esq., Secretary Merchants' Union Law Company, New York:

DEAR SIR—Your New Law Register and Official Directory, just issued, appears to be a very careful work, well considered, and we think may be of great service in the transaction of the business of this Department. The work will doubtless prove valuable to every officer. Yours, truly,

ALEX. W. RANDALL,
Postmaster General.
ST. JOHN B. L. SKINNER,
First Assistant Postmaster General.
JOSEPH H. BLACKFAN,
Chief Clerk Post-office Dep't.

[From Honorable Francis E. Spinner, Treasurer of the United States.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 24, 1868.

John Livingston, Esq., Secretary Merchants' Union Law Company:

DEAR SIR—The new Law Register and Official Directory, just issued, appears to have been very carefully prepared, and we find it of great service in the transaction of the business of this Department. We think the work will prove a valuable acquisition to, and intend to get one for, every principal officer, banker, merchant and business man in the country.

Yours, truly, F. E. SPINNER, T. U. S.

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BOTH Trains making direct Through Connections to all Eastern Cities, an advantage offered by no other route from Memphis.

Commencing Monday, March 9, 1868,

Trains will leave Memphis as follows:

7:00 A.M.,	and	4:00 P.M.
Morning Express		Night Express

This A.M. Morning Express reaches Louisville at 7:30 p.m.; Indianapolis at 10 a.m.; Cincinnati at 12 noon, and New York at 4 p.m. the next day; hours and 40 minutes in advance of any train leaving Memphis the same day by other routes, and with one night less railroad travel.

This P.M. Night Express arrives at Louisville at 1:00 p.m.; Nashville at 7:15 a.m.; St. Louis at 1:40 p.m., the next day. Eastern passengers taking this Train have the choice of passengers from Louisville either by the Jeffersonville Railroad via Cincinnati or Indianapolis, or the United States Mail Line steamers via Cincinnati, reaching New York the second morning eleven hours and a half in advance of passengers taking night train from Memphis by any other route, and with one night less railroad travel.

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Company's Office, 237 1-2 Main Street

CORNER OF JEFFERSON,

Or at Depot head of Main street; also, at Overton Hotel, and of LARRY HAMMOND & CO., corner Main and Madison streets, where baggage checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company's Hacks, from Residence, or on board boats arriving at Memphis to all principal Eastern Cities.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.
mh10

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Memphis and Charleston Railroad

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THE Short Route and Quick Time to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and WASHINGTON CITY.

53 hours and 15 minutes to Washington.
63 hours and 37 minutes to New York.

Quick Time and Close Connections via DECATUR and NASHVILLE to LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI and ALL POINTS NORTH AND WEST.

15 hours and 15 minutes to Nashville.

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Two Daily Trains.

Through Mail Leaves Memphis..... 12:45 p m
Through Mail Arrives at Memphis..... 6:00 p m
Through Express Leaves Memphis..... 8:00 p m
Through Express Arrives at Memphis..... 10:45 p m

Making close connections at Grand Junction, Corinth, Decatur, Stevenson and Chattanooga for all points South, East and North. Shortest and Quickest Route to Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, Charlestown, Savannah, Columbus, Ga., and Montgomery, Ala.

The 12:45 P. M. is the Fast Through Train

for all points East and North, and stops ONLY at Collierville, Lafayette, Moscow, Lagrange, Grand Junction, Pocahontas, Corinth, Burnsville, Jacinto, Danville, Courtland, Trinity, Decatur, Hunnsville, Bellefonte and Stevenson.

Reservation for and sale of tickets at the Memphis and Charleston Railroad MUST NOT take this train.

This Train connects at Corinth with Trains both ways on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

This Train leaves Memphis at 8:00 a.m., and connects at Corinth with train on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad going South, at 1:45 p.m., to Mobile, etc.

Somerville Accommodation leaves at..... 5:00 p m
Somerville Accommodation arrives at..... 10:35 p m

Fare to all points as low as by any other route.
For Tickets, apply at No. 278 Main street, corner South Court; at Overton Hotel, and Memphis and Charleston Depot. Baggage Checked Through to all Points.

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General Superintendent.

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W. T. SWANWICK & CO.,
Adams Street, Opposite Bradley Block.
mh10

Board of Health.

BE it ordained, etc., That the ordinance creating a Board of Health be and the same is hereby repealed.

Passed March 3, 1868.

JOHN W. LEFTWICH, Mayor.
Attest—H. E. RICHARDS, City Register.
mh7

LEGAL.

Attachment Suit.

Municipal Court of the City of Memphis—Clerk's Office March 2, 1868—No 1587. A. D.—C. T. Anne and Mary Ames, Plaintiffs, vs. Haight & Chambers, Defendants.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied," etc., on the property of the defendants Haight & Chambers; it is therefore ordered, that said defendants appear at the Municipal Court Room in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Tuesday in April next, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and the cause set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy— L. B. EATON, Clerk.
S. D THOMPSON, D. C.
HAYNES, STOCKTON & HAWE, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
mh14

No. 2602—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Robert W. Scruggs, Administrator of Maria Scruggs, deceased, vs. Henry P. Brien et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendants Henry P. Bridges and wife Letitia M., (formerly Letitia M. Scruggs) William A. Scruggs, Penelope Scruggs, John T. Scruggs, (the last three minors) children of Robt. L. Scruggs, deceased, who was a son of the said Maria Scruggs, deceased, and Howard Bridges and wife Mary E., (formerly Mary E. Ford,) all residents of Mississippi; and H. M. Woodson and wife Maria L., (formerly Maria Ford,) the said Mary E. and Maria L. being children of Amanda M. Ford, dec'd, who was the daughter of said Maria Scruggs, deceased; and Lewis Bennett and wife Mary E., (formerly Mary E. Ford,) John Keys, Sidney Keys, Bettie Keys and James Keys, (the last four minors, children of Mary E. Keys, deceased, who was a daughter of said Maria Scruggs, deceased; and Frank Hayley and wife Laura Hayley, (formerly Laura Ford,) Thompson and wife Fannie Thompson, (formerly Fannie Ford) — Slater and wife Maria Slater, (formerly Maria Ford,) Charles Ford, James P. Ford, (last a minor,) children of Linton B. Ford, who was a daughter of said Maria Scruggs, deceased, all then residents of Arkansas; and all of said Defendants non-residents of the State of Tennessee: It is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance here at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the first Monday in April, 1868, and answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
FINLAY & KELLAR, solicitors for Complainant. mh4

Administrator's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of Jonathan Faulks, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said Jonathan Faulks, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the April term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, when and where you can appear and contest the same if you see fit.

JOHN LOAGUE, Clerk. W. A. GOTHARD,
By BERNARD COLL, D. C. Administrator.
Printer paid $5. f 3t8

No. 2546—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—R. F. Harbert vs. T. C. Harbert et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant T. C. Harbert is a resident of the State of Mississippi and a non-resident of the State of Tennessee; and the defendants Susan Harbert, — Harbert, John W. Harbert, John Hicks, Sallie Hicks, Oliver Herbert, Alice Herbert, Louis Harbert and — Harbert are residents of the State of Texas and non-residents of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance here at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on the first Monday in April, 1868, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred and the cause set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY, Solicitors for Complainant.
mh3

Attachment Suit.

Harrison Jones vs. Jefferson Hankin.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3455 of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," on the property of the defendant; it is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, on or before the fourth day of April, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTON ALSTON, Clerk and Master.
LOGWOOD & PEYTON, Sols. for Complainant. feb25

County Court Sale of Land.

Charles S. Slater vs. Robert Slater et al., minor heirs at law of Sarah Slater, deceased, and T. P. Slater, their guardian.

Petition for Sale of Land for Division.

BY virtue of a decree made by the County Court of Shelby County, Tennessee, in the above entitled cause at the February Term, 1868, I will proceed to sell before the Court House door, in the city of Memphis, to the highest and best bidder, on

Saturday, March 28, 1868,

Between the hours of ten o'clock a.m. and four p.m., the following described tract of land, lying in Shelby county, Tennessee, in the First Civil District, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake 17 links west of a hickory marked as a corner Benjamin Herald's north west corner of his 160 acre tract; thence west 15 chains 15 links to a stake at the end of a lane on the south side of the Randolph road, twenty-two links west of a red oak and hickory bush; thence south 14 chains 50 links to a stake and red oak bush pointer; thence east 17 chains 15 links to a stake in the field thence south 5 chains 50 links to a stake in said dogwood and hickory; thence east 17 chains 15 links to a stake in said Herald's west boundary line; thence north with said line 20 chains to the beginning containing fifty acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half (½) cash; on the balance a credit until the 1st day of January, 1869—the deferred payment to on account of note with two good personal security, which shall be a lien on the land until the whole amount is paid.

JOHN LOAGUE, Clerk.
By BERNARD COLL, D. C.
FINLAY & KELLAR, Solicitors. feb27

No. 2572—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Wade H. Bolton vs. F. M. Cash, Administrator, et al.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant Seth W. Bolton is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and a resident of the State of Arkansas, and the defendants Henry R. Bridges and wife Letitia M., (formerly Letitia M. Scruggs) William A. Scruggs, Penelope Scruggs, John T. Scruggs, (the last three minors) children of Robt. L. Scruggs, deceased, who was a son of the said Maria Scruggs, deceased, and Howard Bridges and wife Mary E., (formerly Mary E. Ford,) all residents of Mississippi; and H. M. Woodson and wife Maria L., (formerly Maria Ford,) the said Mary E. and Maria L. being children of Amanda M. Ford, dec'd, who was the daughter of said Maria Scruggs, deceased; and Lewis Bennett and wife Mary E. (formerly Mary E. Ford,) John Keys, Sidney Keys, Bettie Keys and James Keys, (the last four minors, children of Mary E. Keys, deceased, who was a daughter of said Maria Scruggs, deceased; and Frank Hayley and wife Laura Hayley, (formerly Laura Ford,) Thompson and wife Fannie Thompson, (formerly Fannie Ford) — Slater and wife Maria Slater, (formerly Maria Ford,) Charles Ford, James P. Ford, (last a minor,) children of Linton B. Ford, who was a daughter of said Maria Scruggs, deceased